

Grade 4 Math

Curricular Competencies

Big Ideas

*Fractions and decimals are types of numbers that can represent quantities.

*Development of computational fluency and multiplicative thinking requires analysis of patterns and relations in multiplication and division.

*Regular changes in patterns can be identified and represented using tools and tables.

*Polygons are closed shapes with similar attributes that can be described, measured, and compared.

*Analyzing and interpreting experiments in data probability develops an understanding of chance.

Content

number concepts to 10 000

decimals to hundredths

ordering and comparing fractions

addition and subtraction to 10 000

multiplication and division of two- or three-digit numbers by one-digit numbers

addition and subtraction of decimals to hundredths

addition and subtraction facts to 20 (developing computational fluency)

multiplication and division facts to 100 (introductory computational strategies)

increasing and decreasing patterns, using tables and charts

algebraic relationships among quantities

one-step equations with an unknown number using all operations

how to tell time with analog and digital clocks, using 12- and 24-hour clocks

regular and irregular polygons

perimeter of regular and irregular shapes

line symmetry

one-to-one correspondence and many-to-one correspondence, using bar graphs and pictographs

probability experiments

financial literacy - monetary calculations, making change up to 100 dollars & financial decisions

Reasoning and Analyzing

Use reasoning to explore and make connections

Estimate reasonably

Develop mental math strategies and abilities to make sense of quantities

Use technology to explore mathematics

Model mathematics in contextualized experiences

Understanding and Solving

Develop, demonstrate, and apply mathematical understanding through play, inquiry, and problem solving

Visualize to explore mathematical concepts

Develop and use multiple strategies to engage in problem solving

Engage in problem-solving experiences that are connected to place, story, cultural practices, and perspectives relevant to local First Peoples communities, the local community, and other cultures

Communicating and Representing

Communicate mathematical thinking in many ways

Use mathematical vocabulary and language to contribute to mathematical discussions

Explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions

Represent mathematical ideas in concrete, pictorial, and symbolic forms

Connecting and Reflecting

Reflect on mathematical thinking

Connect mathematical concepts to each other and to other areas and personal interests

Incorporate First Peoples worldviews and perspectives to make connections to mathematical concepts

