

NEXWLÉLEXM (BOWEN ISLAND)

- The Islands Trust council acknowledges that the lands and waters that encompass the Islands Trust Area have been **home to Indigenous peoples** since **time immemorial** and honours the **rich history, stewardship, and cultural heritage** that embody this place we all call home.
- The Islands Trust council is committed to establishing and maintaining mutually **respectful relationships** between Indigenous and non-Indigenous peoples. Islands Trust states a **commitment to Reconciliation** with the understanding that this commitment is a **long-term relationship-building and healing process**.
- The Islands Trust council will strive to **create opportunities for knowledge-sharing** and understanding as people come together to **preserve and protect** the special nature of the islands within the **Salish Sea**.



SHELLEY MOORE



@tweetsomemoore



@fivemooreminutes



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www.fivemooreminutes.com

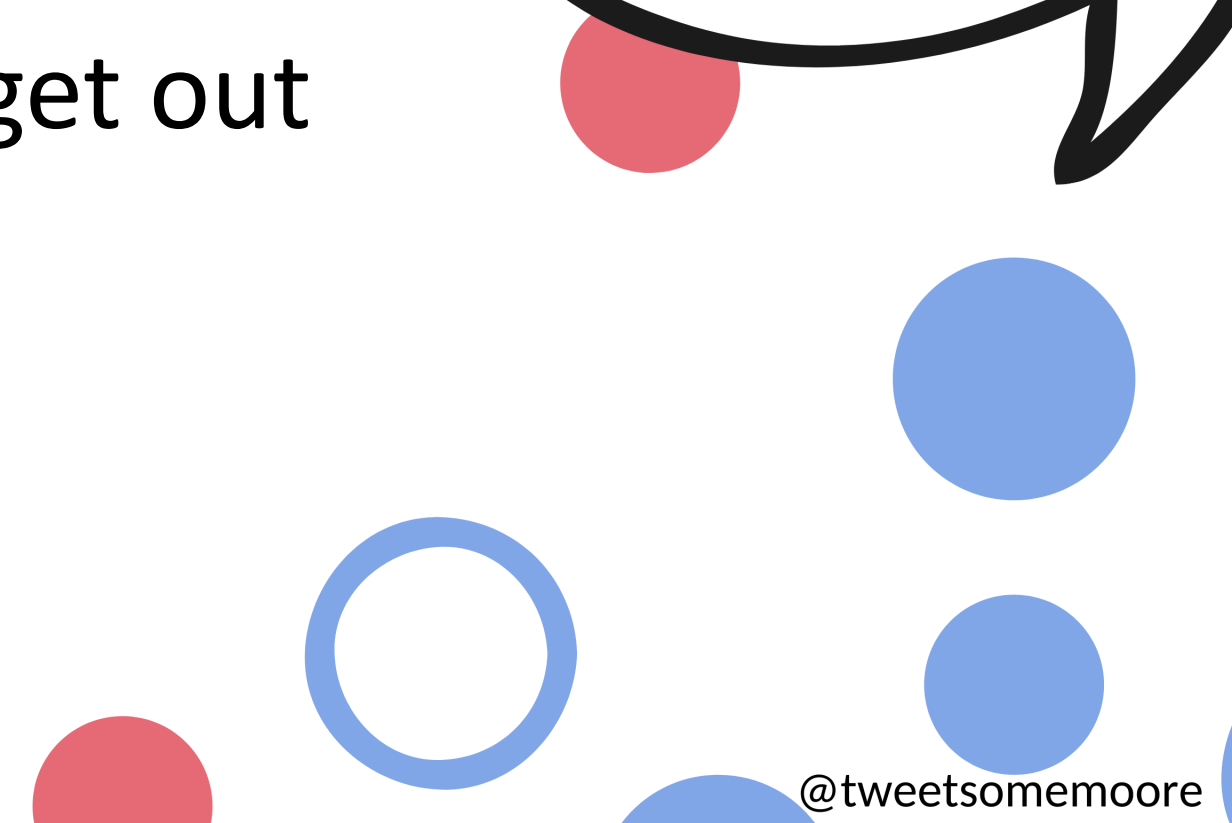
www.blogsomemoore.com



5 Minutes

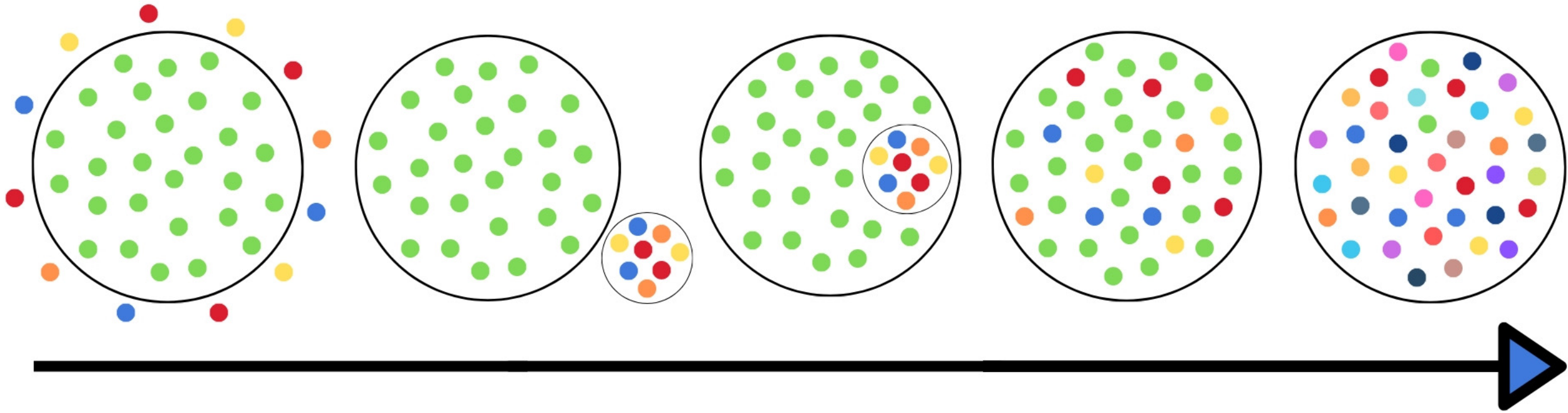
ing to get out

get out



@tweetsomemoore

WHAT IS INCLUSION?



Where are you on this continuum? What's the next step?



Now What?!

- Understand WHAT Inclusion is....



Understand WHY it is important...



How to we do it?

What Does Research Say?

1. Guiding conditions of inclusion describe that all children & youth...

are **PLACED** in
and attending
inclusive
programs

are **PRESUMED**
competent and as
having
POTENTIAL

are in **PROXIMITY**
to and
PARTICIPATING in
learning with
PEERS

have
PURPOSEFUL
roles and
responsibilities

are **PLANNED** for

SESSION 1

SESSION 2

SESSION 3

SESSION 4

SESSION 5

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What is the role of
of **place** in inclusive
planning?

Location vs. Place



Existence vs. Belonging

Why does **place** matter?

- Historically, Individual Education Plans (IEPs) have **not** been connected to **place** and implemented in **one place** (self contained or segregated setting) and only planning for one person
- **Place** is what connects individuals to each other in a **community**
- Planning for a **place** and the **community** within it, is much easier than planning for each individual within it
- **Place** can have a role in teaching and learning
- **Place** can impact (and help navigate) barriers to learning
- **Place** connects to an **inclusive vision** – the more places an individual is included in, with belonging, the better!

Place Based Planning



A shift in thinking...

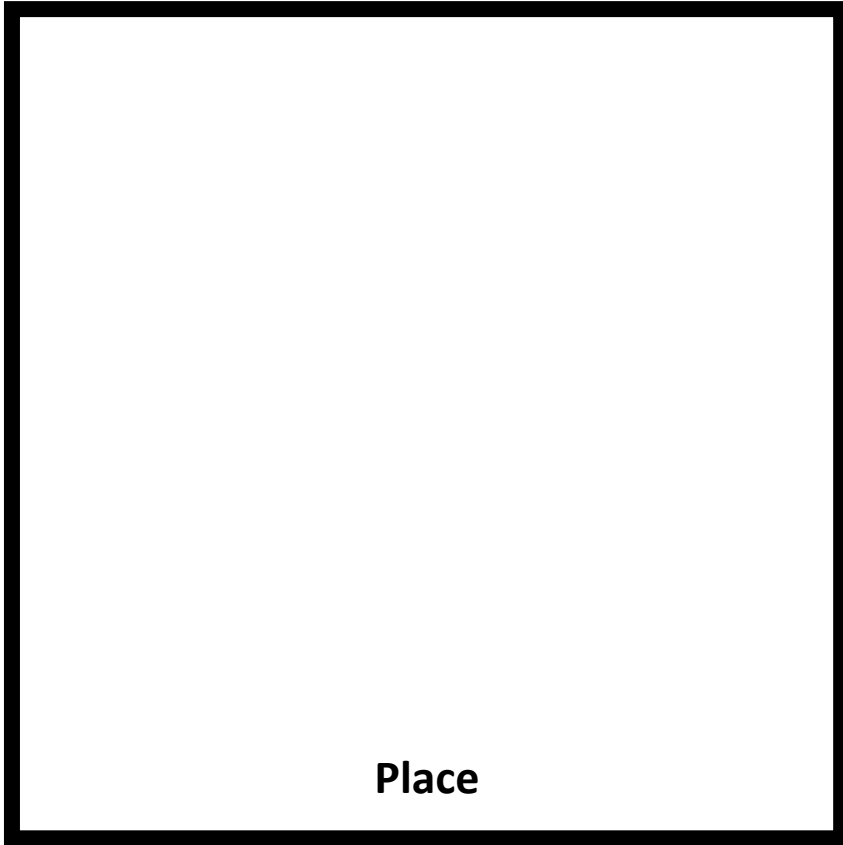
There are some things we need to understand:

- Understand the **thinking shift** for how we view **individuals with Disabilities**
- Understand the **role that a context** plays in **teaching** and in barriers that **limit individuals**
- Understand that the **less** a context is **limiting**, the **less support** an individual needs

What are **barriers** in a place??

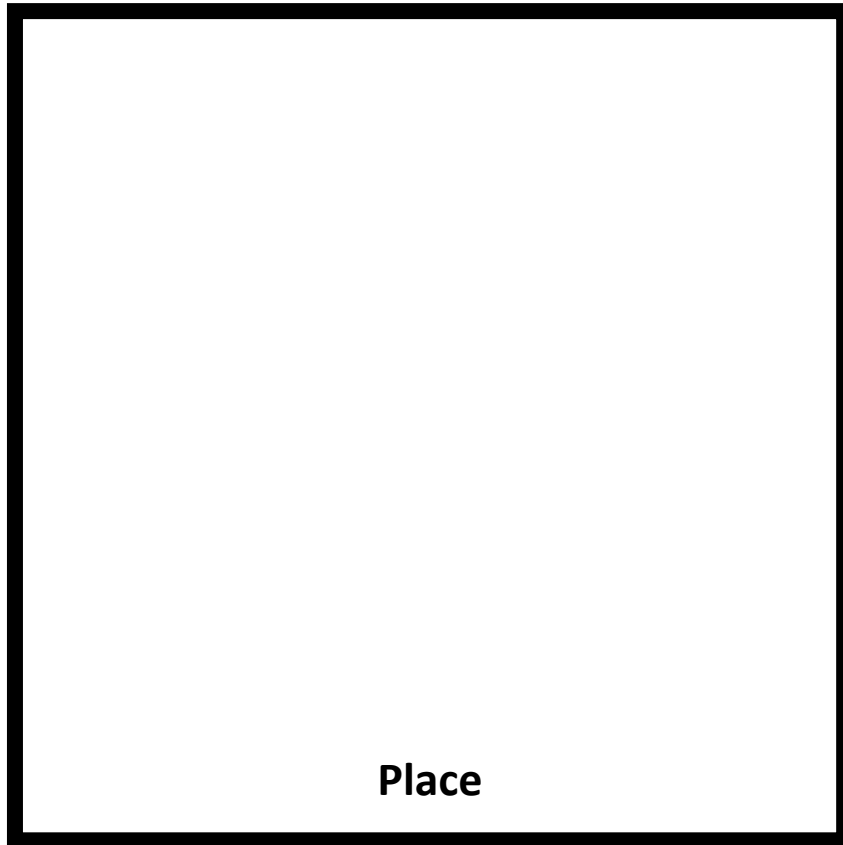


How can we **REDUCE** barriers??



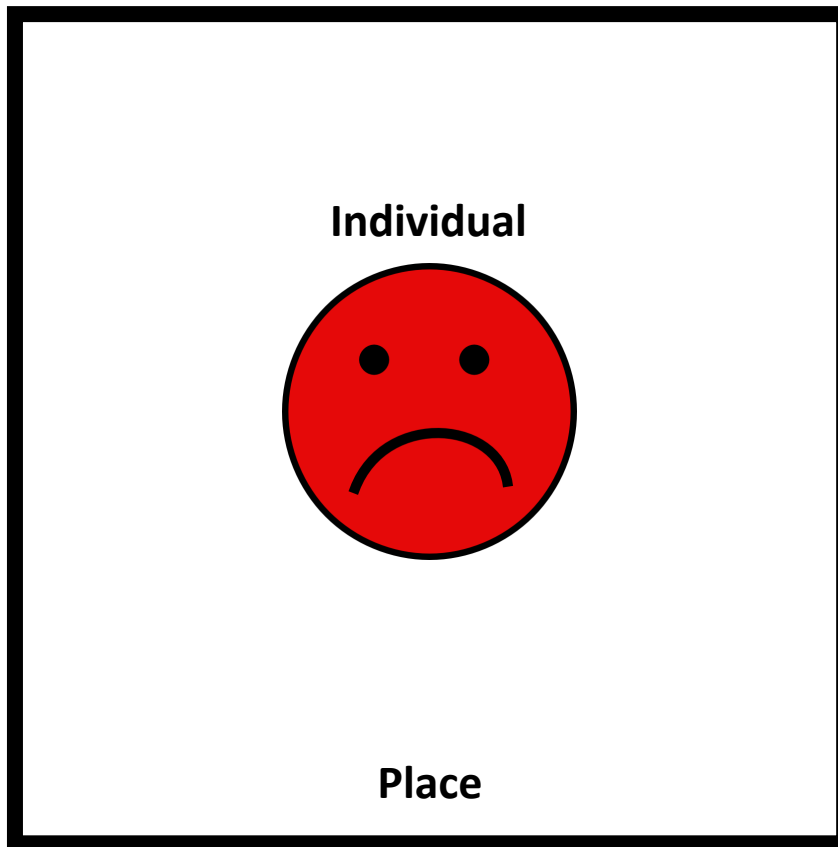
Place

Shifting the Paradigm: Medical Model of Disability



Place

Shifting the Paradigm: Medical Model of Disability



Special Education

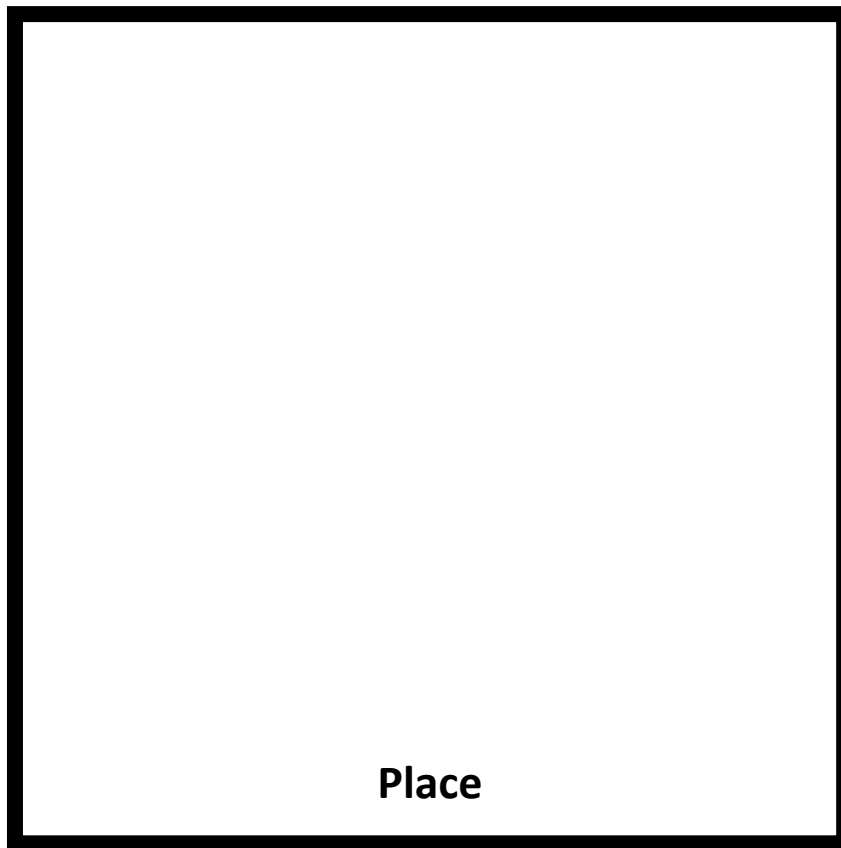
If individual isn't successful

- Remove the individual
- Diagnose the problems in the individual
- Fix the individual
- Individual goes back when they are "ready"
- IEPs are separate from the place

If a flower
isn't thriving
in a garden...



Shifting the Paradigm: Medical Model of Disability



Individual



IEP

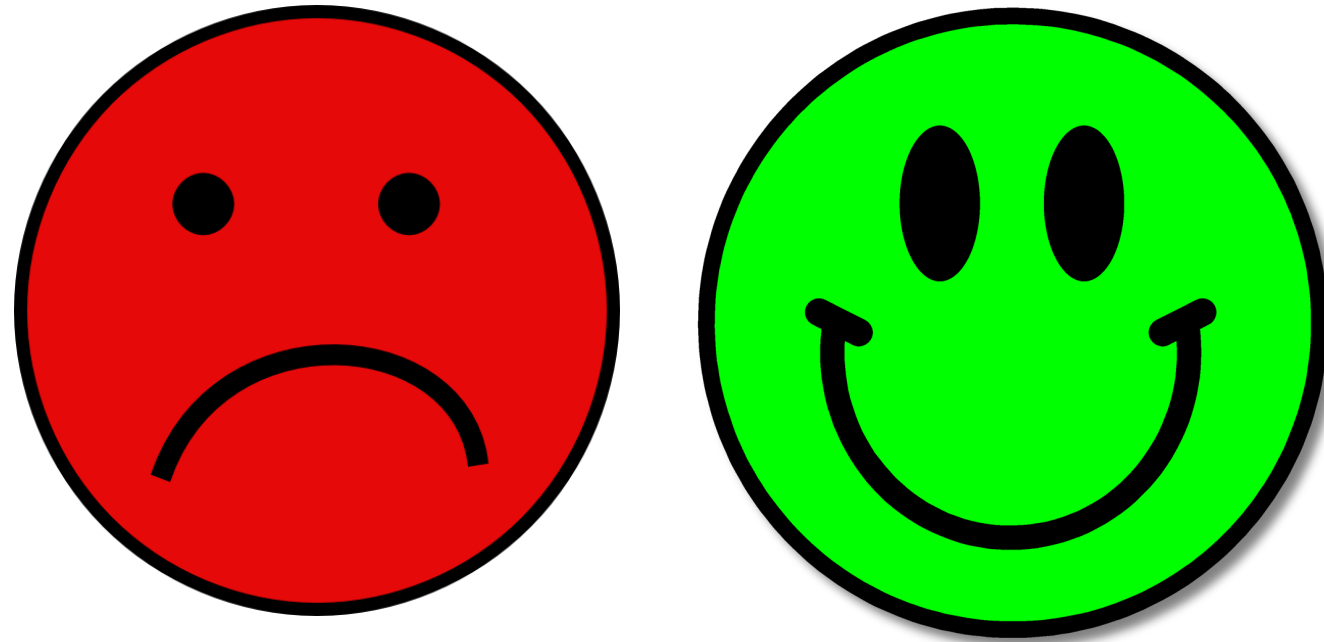


Special Education

If individual isn't successful

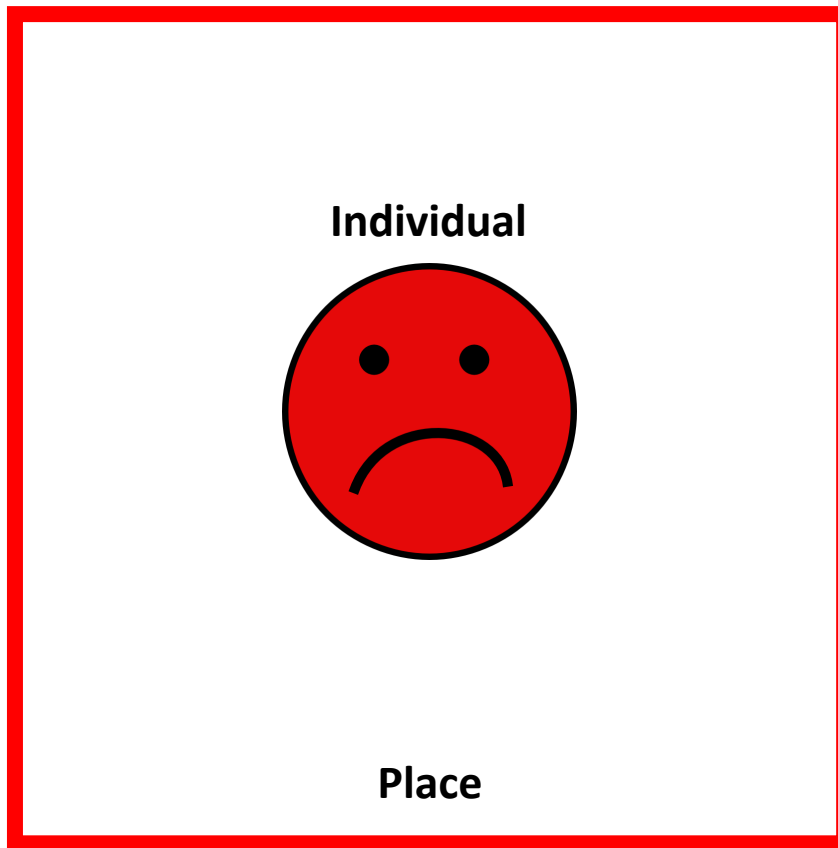
- Remove the individual
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- Fix the individual
- Individual goes back when they are "ready"
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Wait a second....
People with disabilities said:



“I am not broken.”
“I do not need to be fixed!”

Shifting the Paradigm: Social Model of Disability

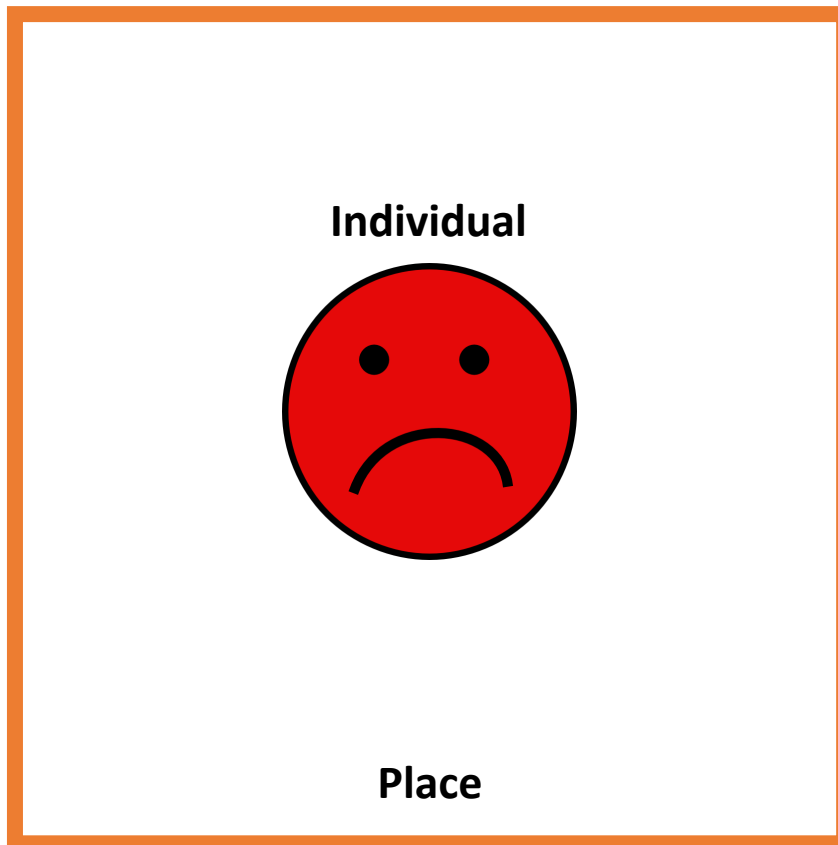


Social Model

If individual isn't successful

- Diagnose the problems in the place
- Fix the place
- Support everyone in the place

Shifting the Paradigm: Social Model of Disability



Social Model

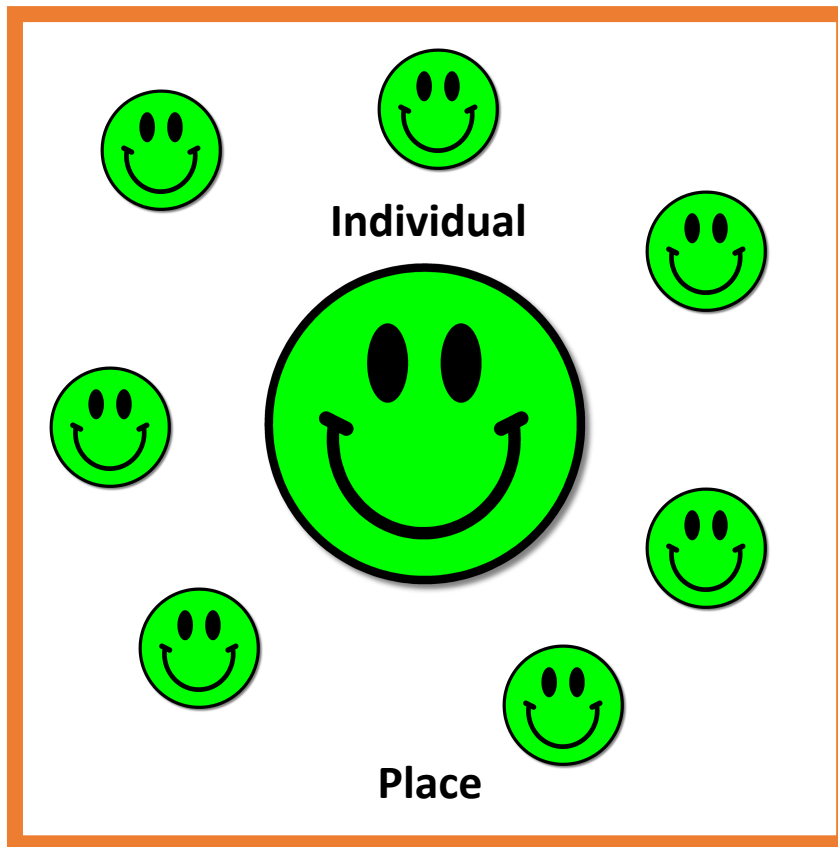
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What is happening in the environment?

Shifting the Paradigm: Social Model of Disability

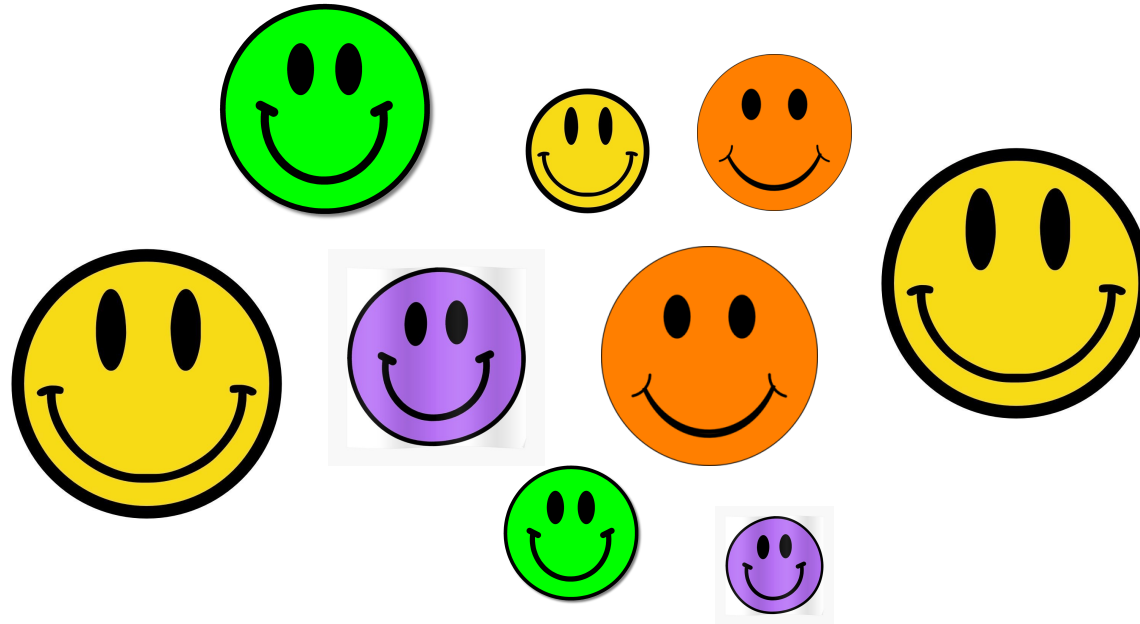


Social Model

If individual isn't successful

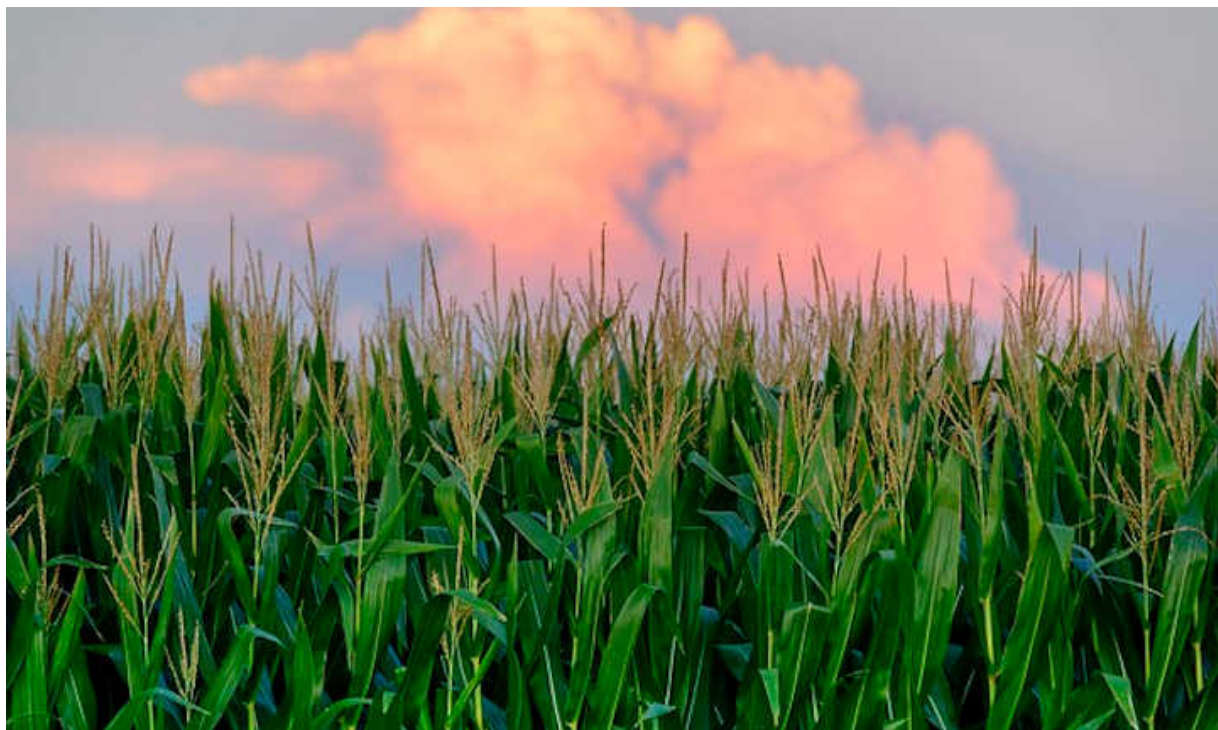
- Diagnose the problems in the place
- Fix the place
- Support everyone in the place

Wait a second....
Teachers said:



“What about all the individual
needs in a shared place”

Diverse Gardens!

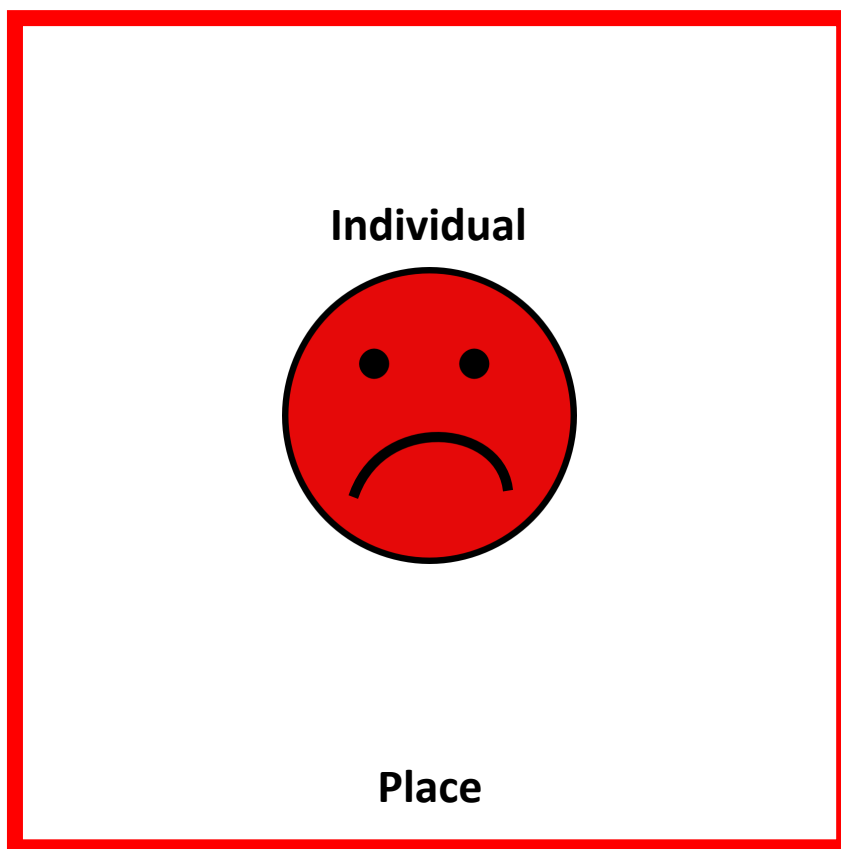


Shifting the Paradigm: Person-Place Model of Need

Inclusive Education

If an individual isn't successful

- Determine barriers in place
- Determine needs of the community
- Anticipate supports & strategies based on needs
- Universally apply supports and strategies to ALL

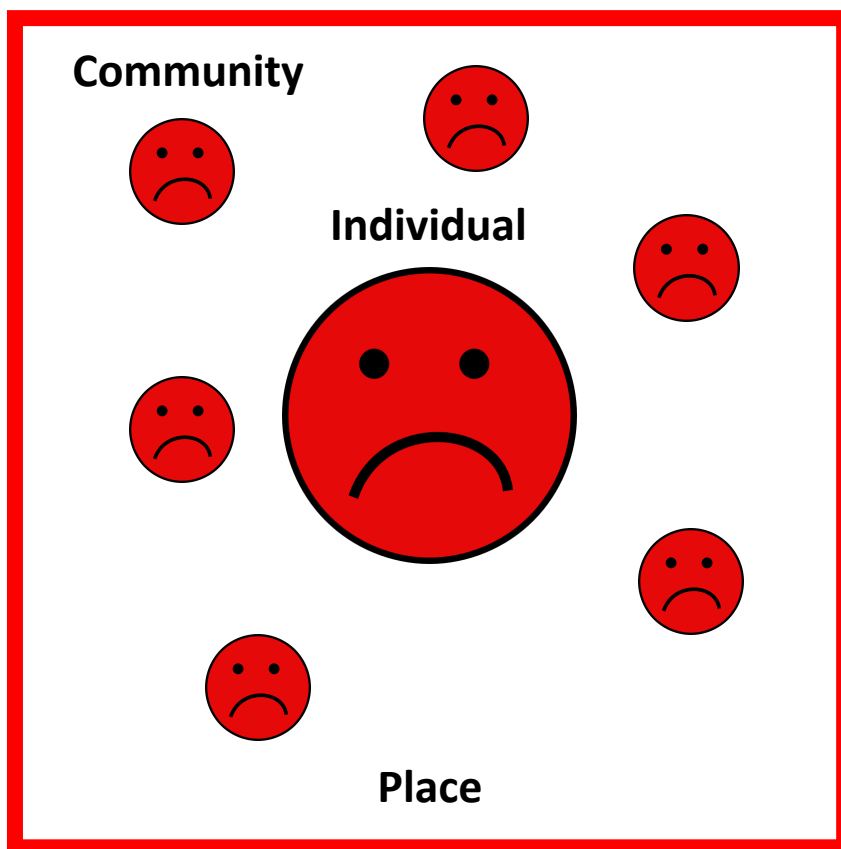


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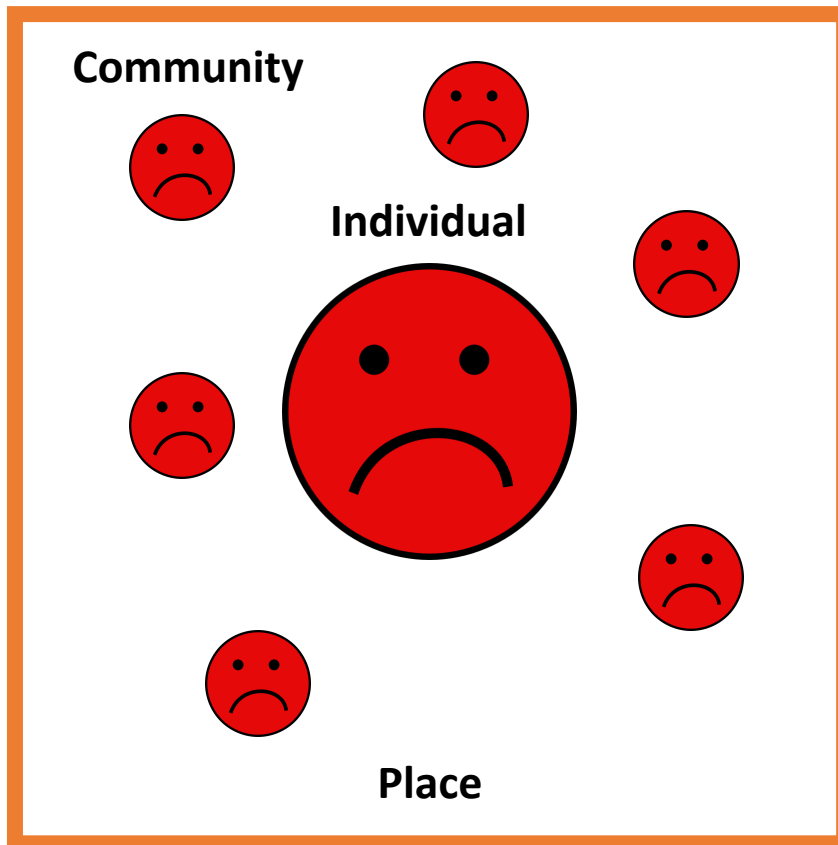


Shifting the Paradigm: Person-Place Model of Need

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FIRST! We look at what needs everyone needs

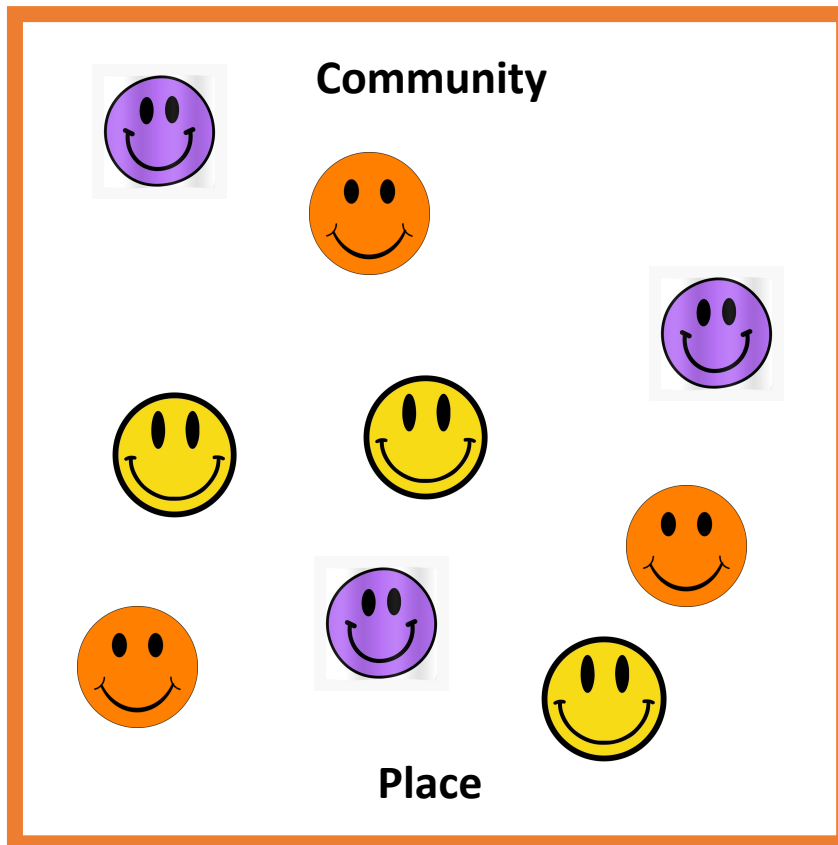


Shifting the Paradigm: Person-Place Model of Need

Inclusive Education

If an individual isn't successful

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THEN! We look at what individuals need



TOP 4 PEST-REPELLING PLANTS

CATNIP

for aphids, beetles,
caterpillars and shield bugs

DILL

for aphids, caterpillars,
shield bugs and spider mites

MINT

for aphids, beetles, caterpillars,
shield bugs and whiteflies

NASTURTIUM

for aphids, beetles,
caterpillars and shield bugs

WWW.TOWERGARDEN.COM

What are the **barriers** in a community?

(What is getting in the way that is outside of a student control?)

What are the **needs** of the individuals in a community?

(Needs not disabilities)

How do we **anticipate** supports & strategies needed for individuals in the community?

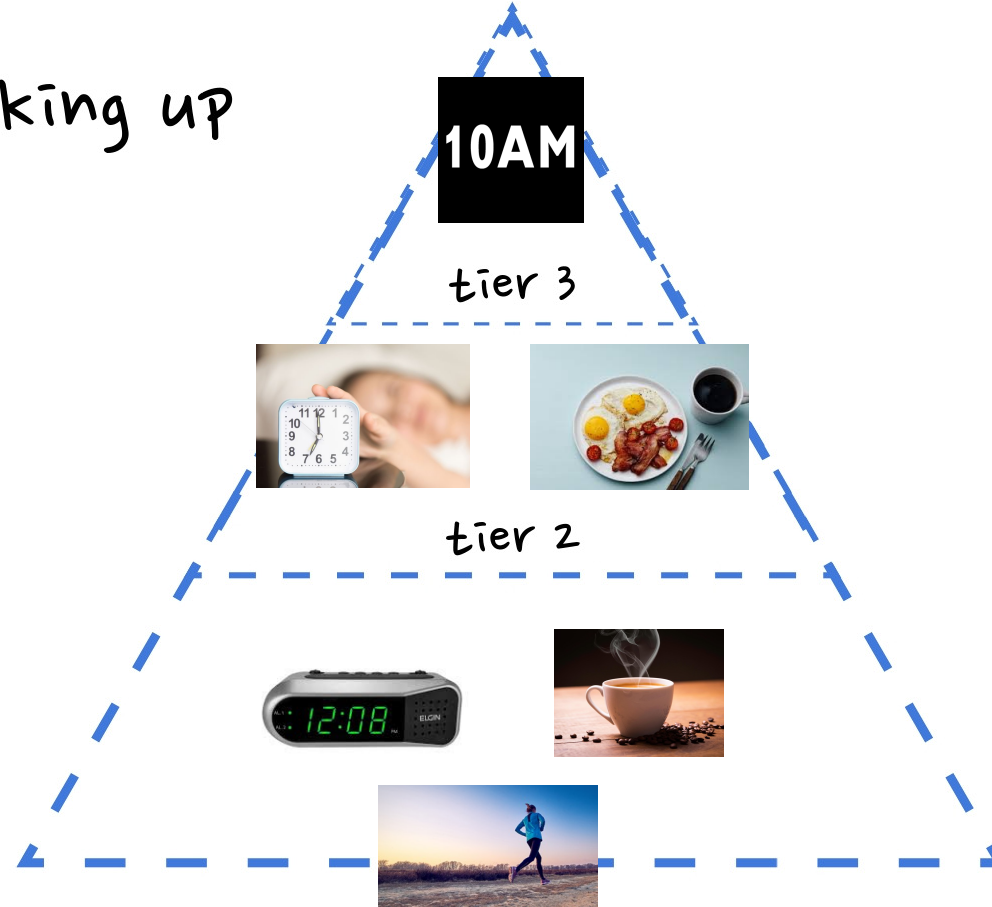
(Planned for before, not after)

How can we teach the supports & strategies so **ALL students** can access and choose?

(Accessing supports & strategies do not affect evaluation or grades)

RESPONSE TO INSTRUCTION

Lens: waking up



Shelley Moore, 2019

@tweetsomemoore

What are supports?

- What **tools** can we anticipate *some* students will use based on their:
 - Needs
 - Interests
 - Strengths
 - Stretches
- How can we teach *all* students to use **tools** in meaningful ways
- How can we support which **tools** students choose to use to support their learning?

What are strategies?

- What **actions** can we anticipate *some* students will use based on their:
 - Needs
 - Interests
 - Strengths
 - Stretches
- How can we teach *all* students to take **action** in meaningful ways
- How can we support which **action** students choose to take to support their learning?

Supports vs. Resources



People

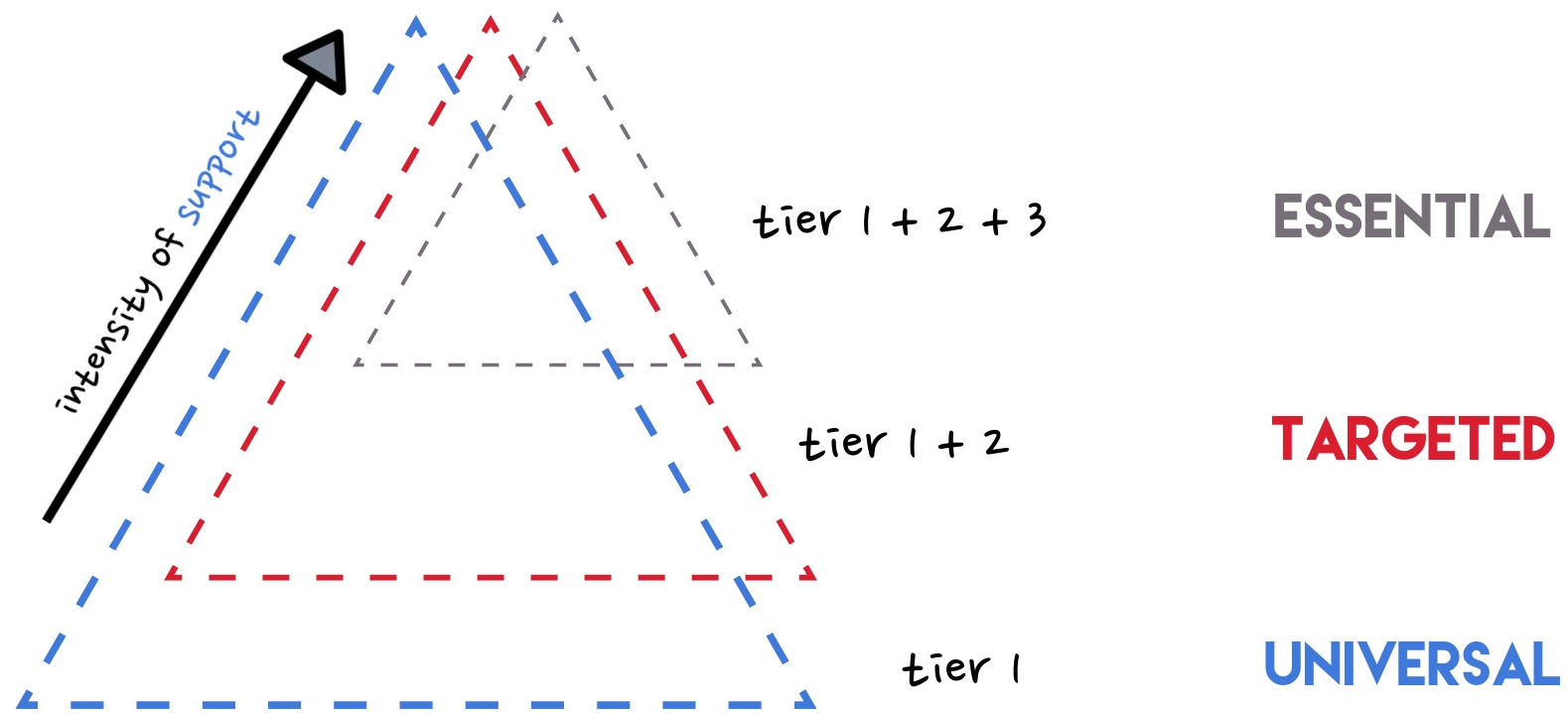


Time



Funding

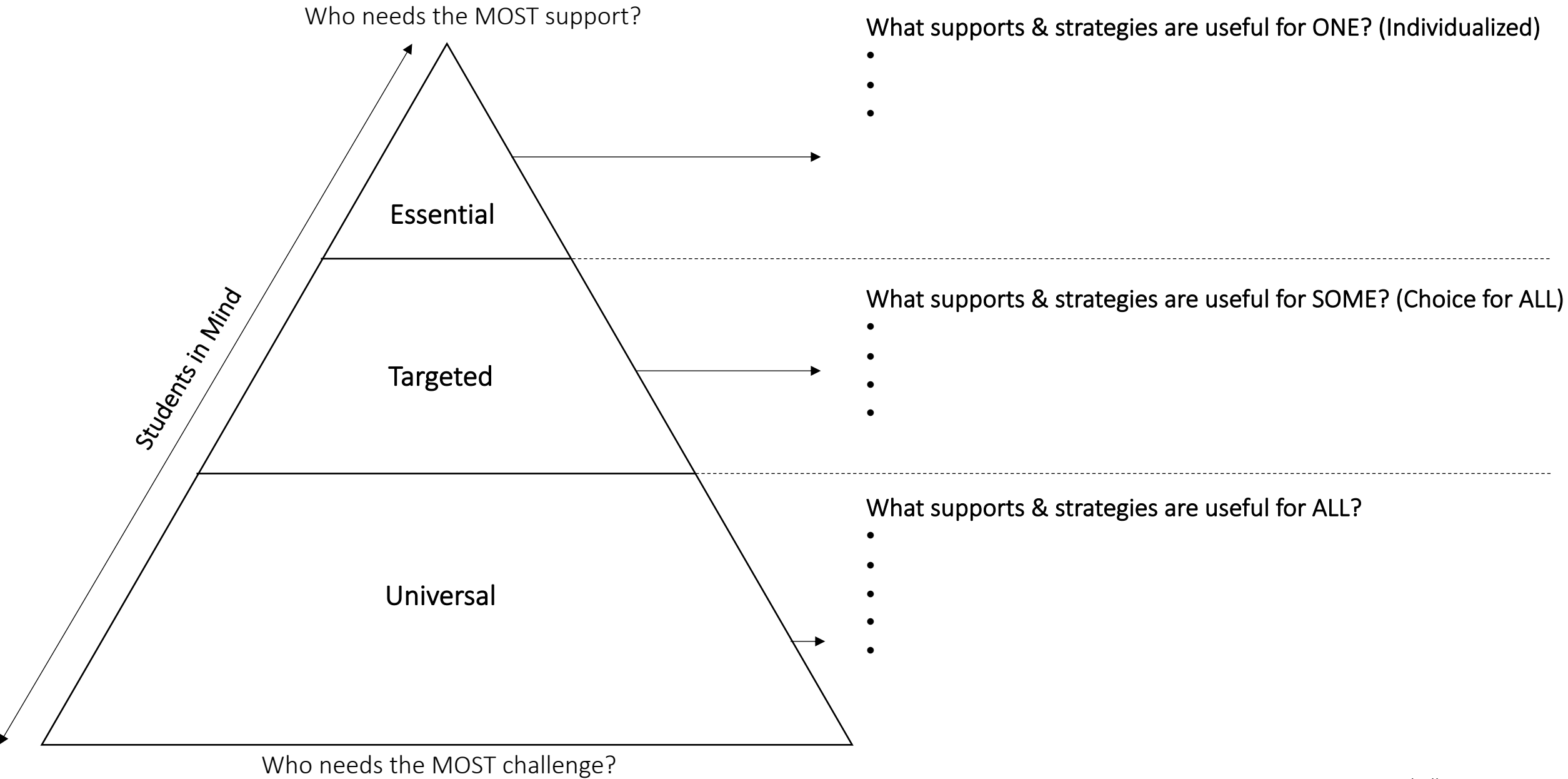
RTI/MTLS



Planning for ALL

Need:

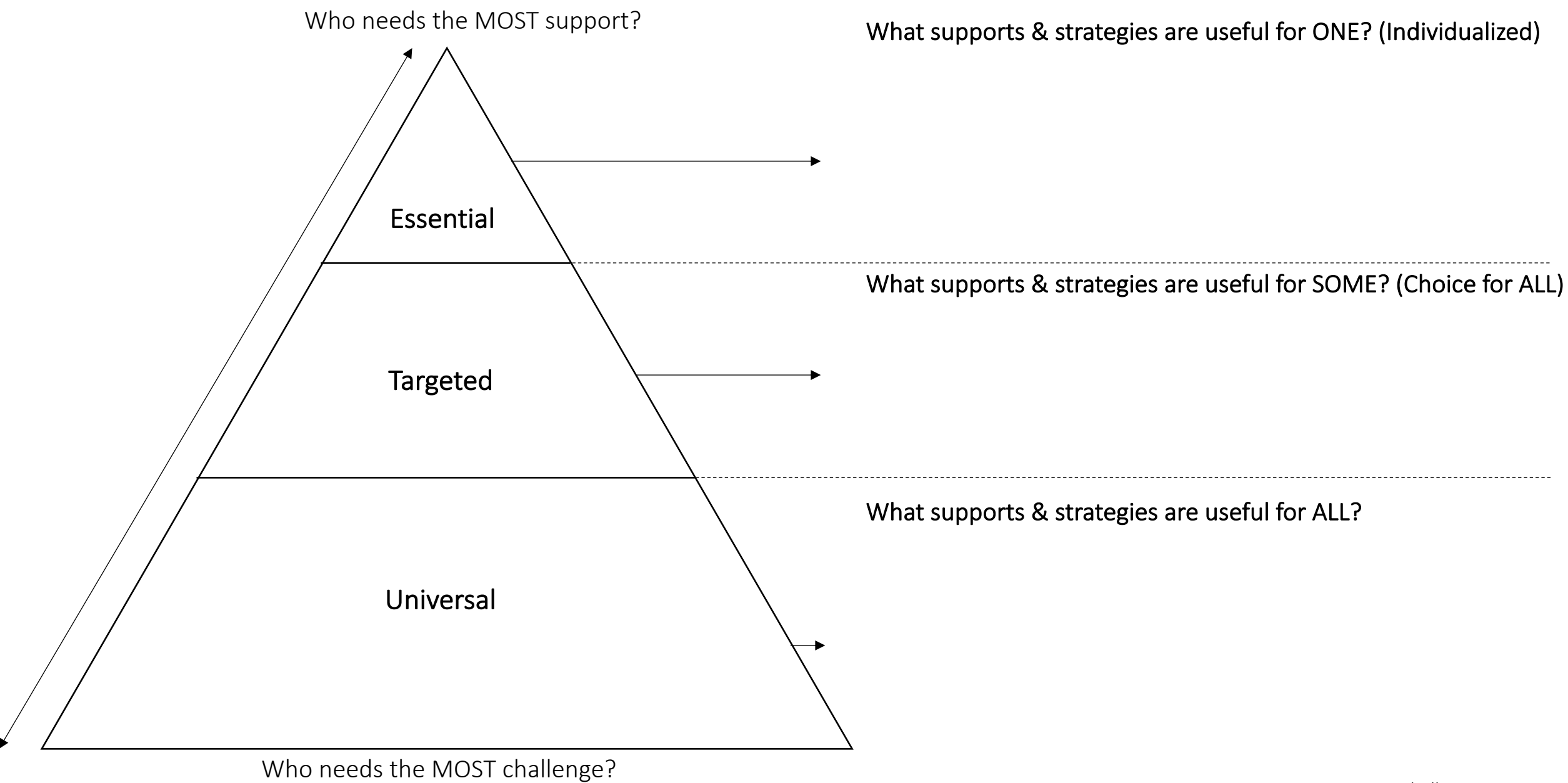
Students in Mind:

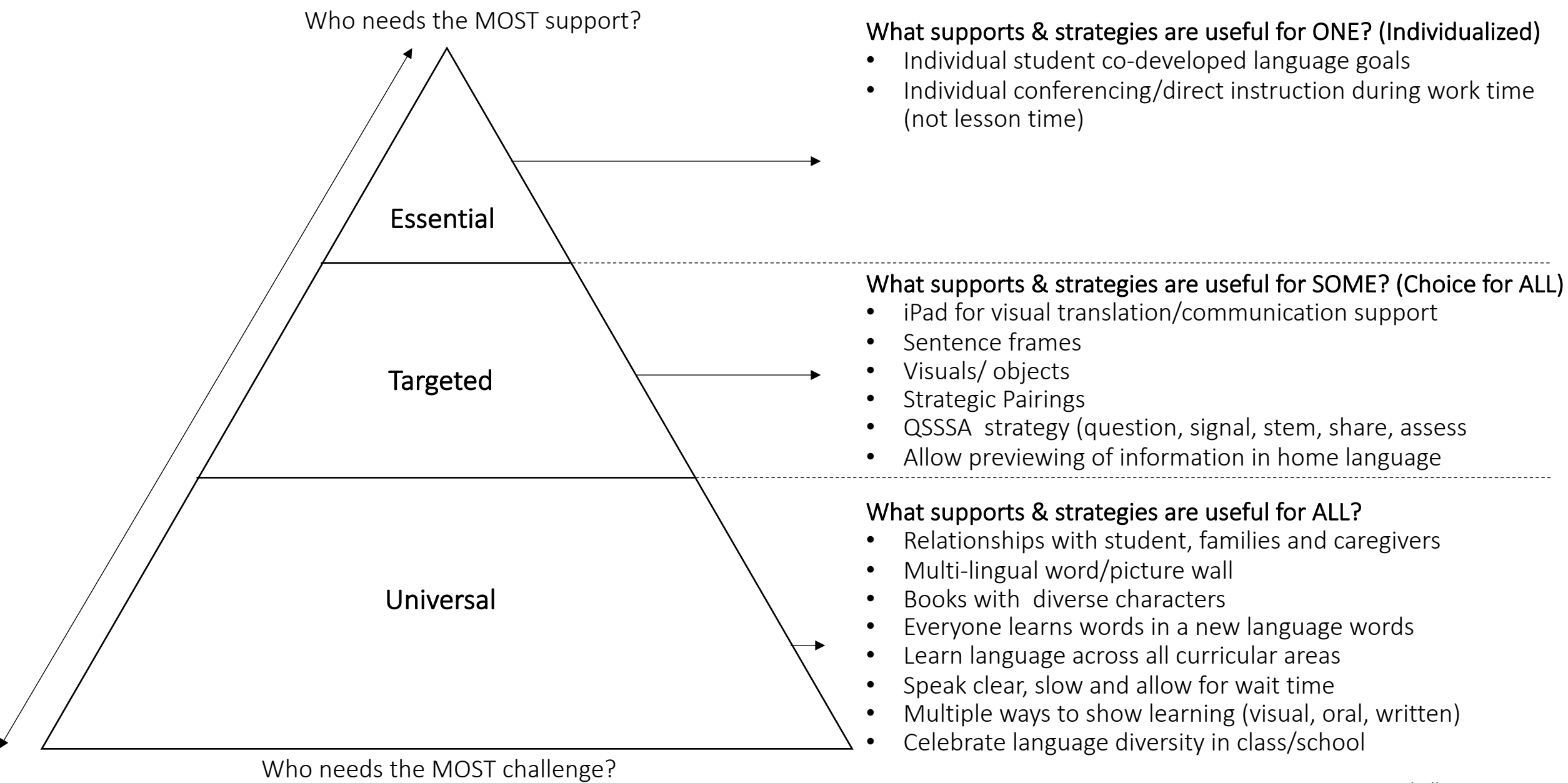


Planning for ALL

Need: Multilingual Learners

Students in Mind:

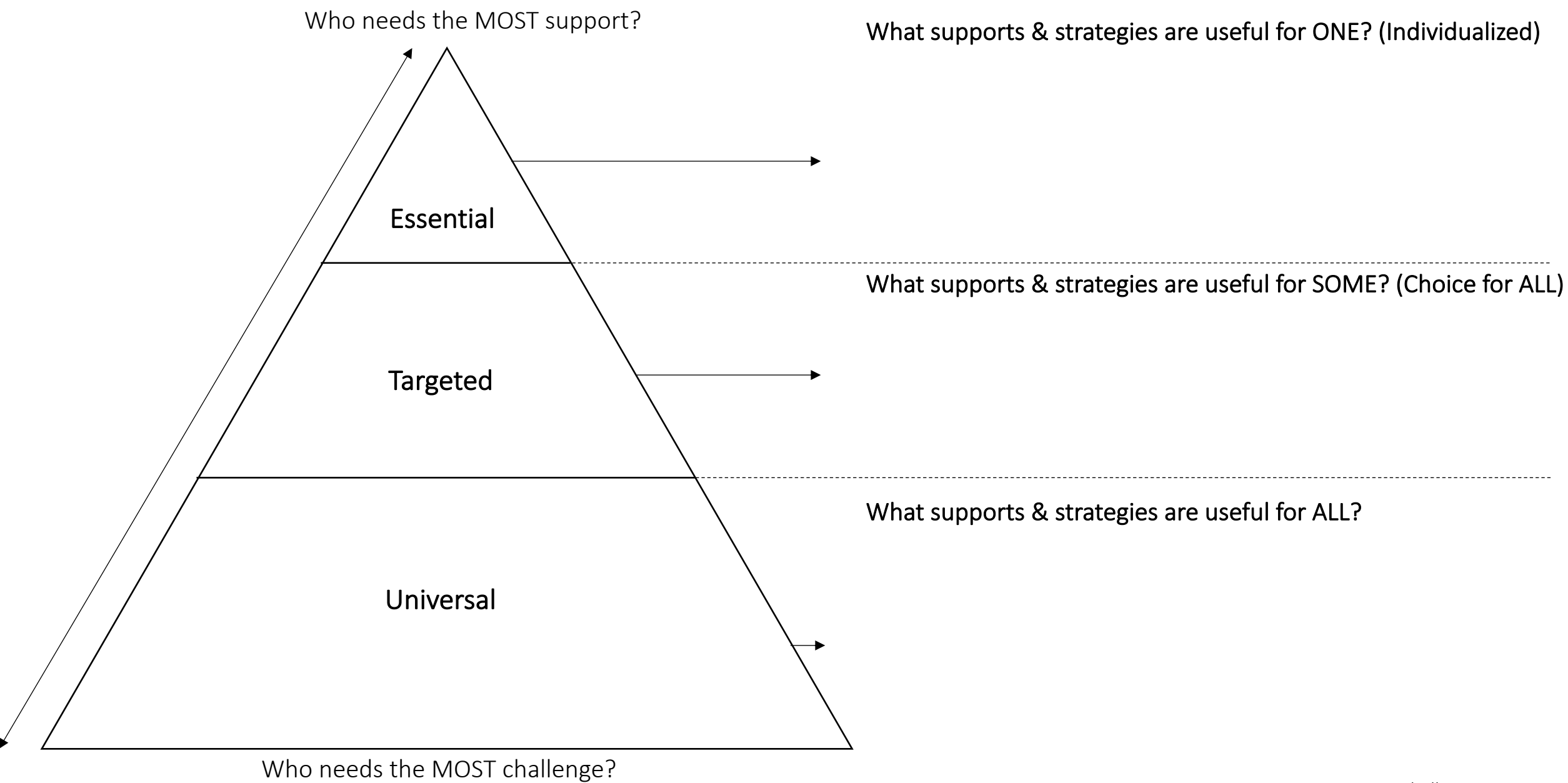


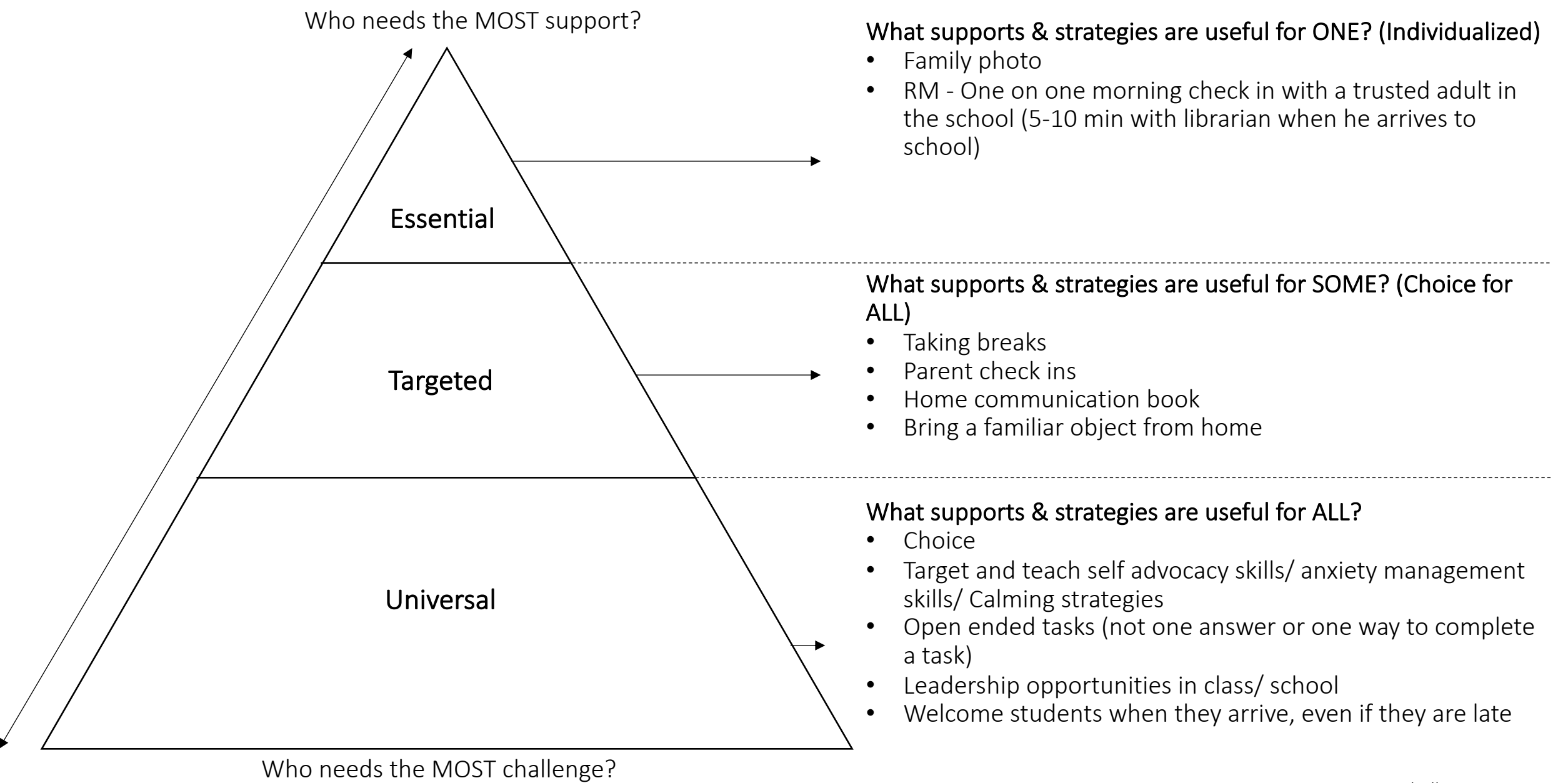


Planning for ALL

Need: Anxiety

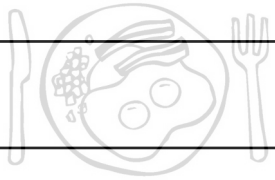
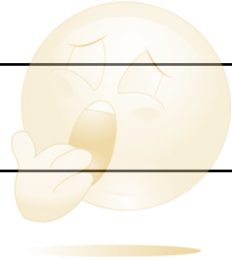
Students in Mind:





Strategy: Designing a Needs Based Classroom Support Plan

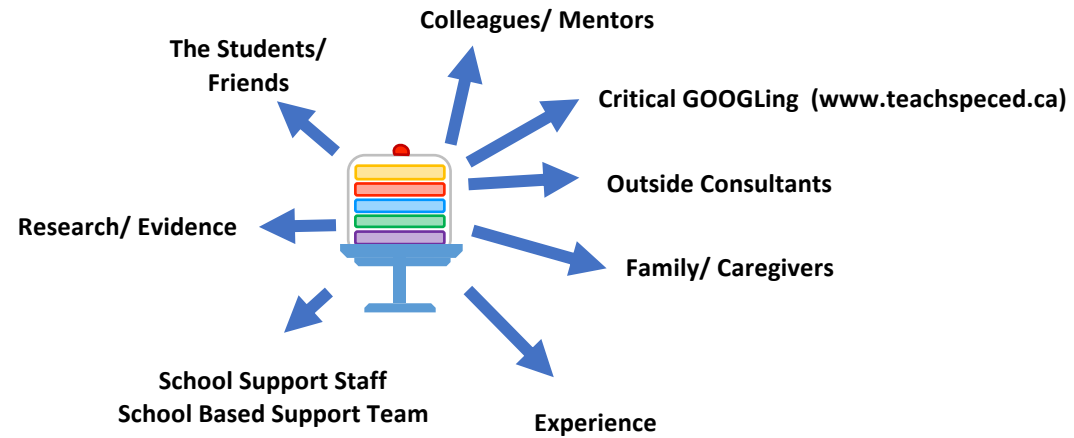
Classroom Support Plan		
Teacher(s): _____	Support Staff: _____	Lens: _____

		Range of Support (MTLS)		
Range of Students (RTI)	Students...	Strategies & Supports		
	who needs the most support	Universal Support (Good for ALL)	Targeted Support (CHOICE for ALL)	Essential Support (Good for ONE)
	Need			
	Need			
	Need			
	Need			
	who needs the most challenge			



Layered Support Cake of Love: Classroom Support Plan

How do we figure out supports or strategies students need?



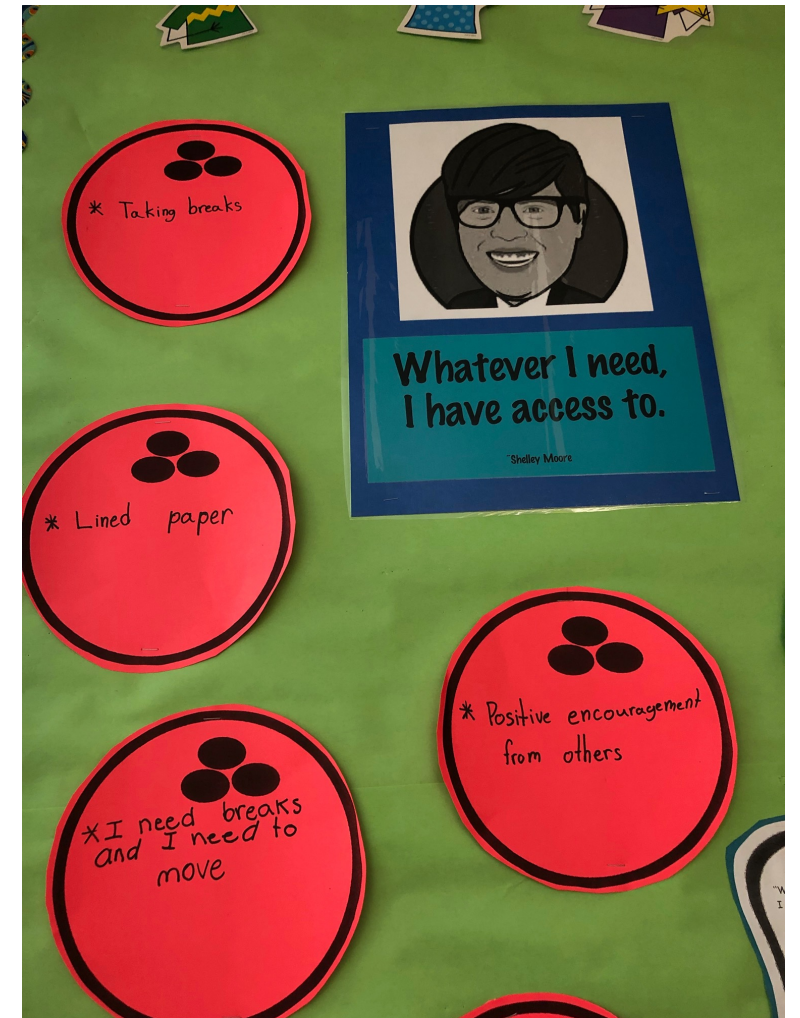
www.teachspeced.ca



TEACHERS' GATEWAY TO
SPECIAL EDUCATION

Teaching Strategies & Resources	Key Practices	Glossary	FAQs	
Student Needs	IPRC Exceptionalities	Diagnosed Conditions		
Aggression Management Anger/Frustration Management Anxiety Management Articulation Skills Attendance Strategies Attention Skills Assistive Technology Skills Blind/Vision Impaired Bullying Management Skills Central Auditory Processing Deafness Depression/Sadness Management Disengagement/Motivation Strategies Eating Disorder Strategies Emotional Regulation English Language Skills Executive Function Fine Motor Skills Gambling Disorder Grief Management Gross Motor Skills Hearing Intellectual Ability – High Intellectual Ability – Low Listening Comprehension Skills Low Vision Memory Skills	Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) Behaviour Blind and Low Vision Deaf and Hard of Hearing Developmental Disability (DD) Giftedness Language Impairment Learning Disabilities (LD) Mild Intellectual Disabilities Multiple Exceptionalities Physical Disability Speech Impairment	Acquired Brain Injury Alcohol-Related Neuro-developmental Disorder (ARND) Angelman Syndrome Anxiety Disorders Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Auditory Processing Disorder (Central) Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) Bipolar Disorder Blind/Vision Impaired Brain Injury Cerebral Palsy (CP) Conduct Disorder (CD) Concussions Cystic Fibrosis (CF) Deafness Depression Disorders Down Syndrome Eating Disorders Epilepsy Fetal Alcohol Syndrome/Fetal Alcohol Effects (FAS/FAE) Fragile X Syndrome Gambling Disorder Intellectual Disabilities Klinefelter's Syndrome Learning Disabilities/Specific Learning Disorders Muscular Dystrophy (MD) Neurological Disabilities		

Strategy: taking a 2 min break



Strategy: taking a 2 min break

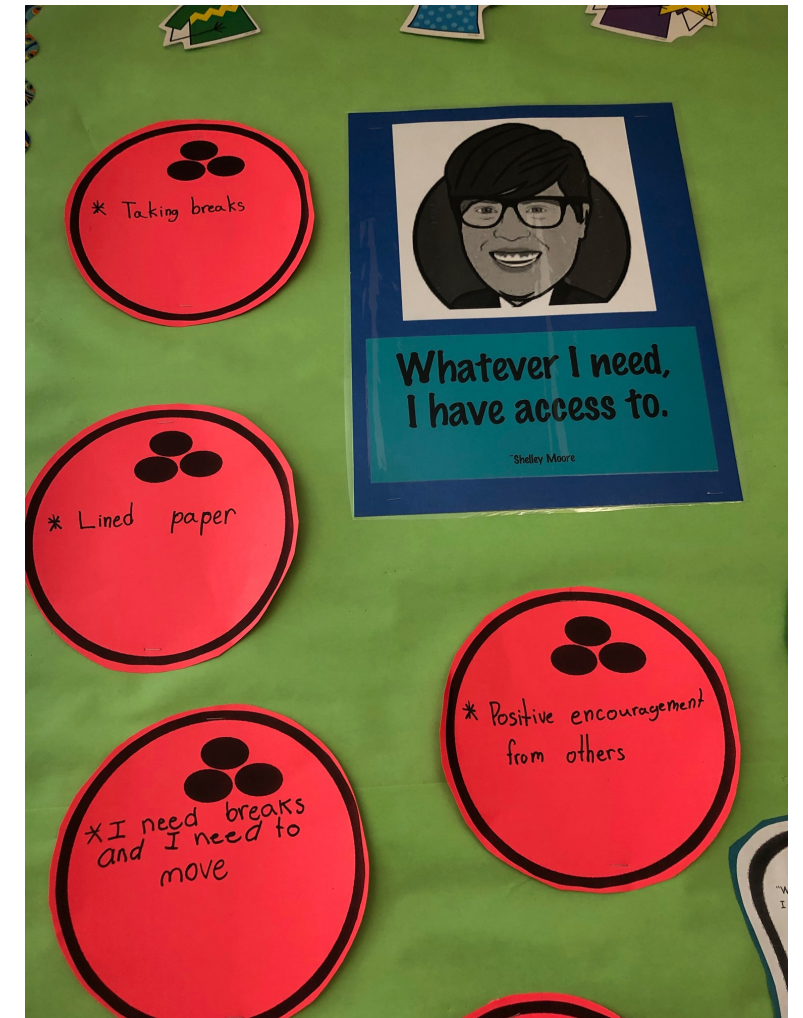
Instruct

- What is a 2 min break?
- Why is a 2 min break useful?
- How do I use a 2 min break as a **tool** or an **action**?
 - What does a 2 min break *look* like when I use it?
 - What does a 2 min break *sound* like when I use it?
 - What does a 2 min break *feel* like when I use it?

Practice (1 – 2 weeks)

Reflect

- How will I know when I *need* a 2 min break?
- How will I know when I *don't need* a 2 min break?



Strategy: chunking text

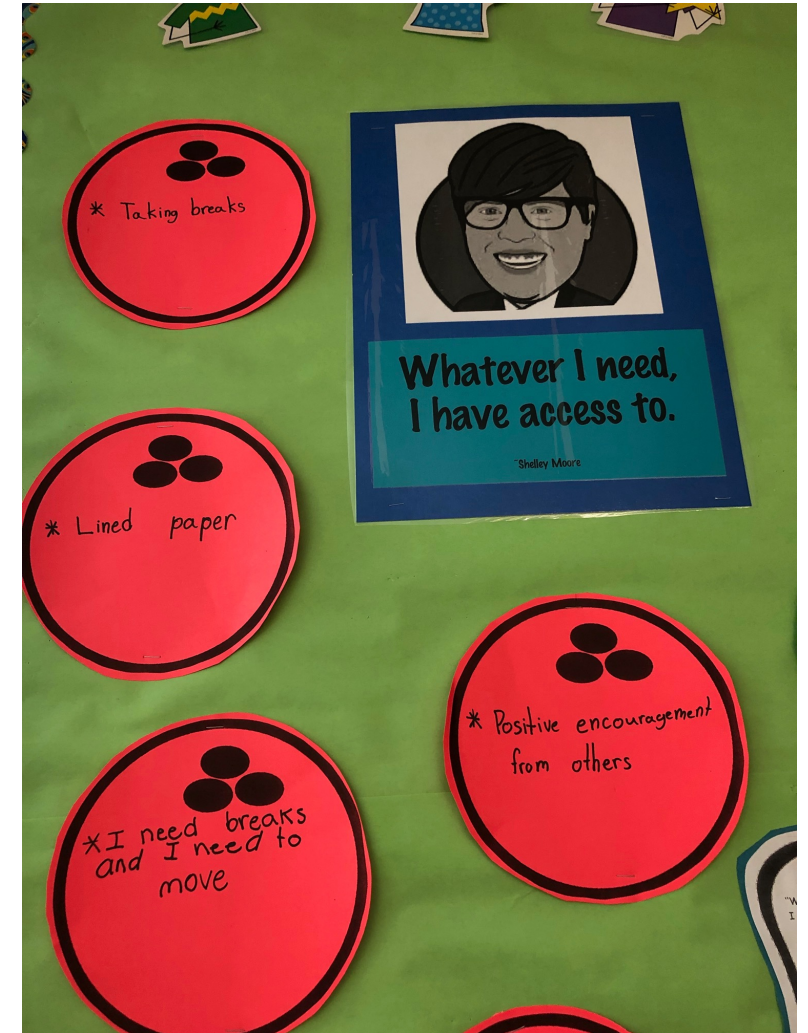
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Practice (1 – 2 weeks)

Reflect

- How will I know when I *need* to chunk text ?
- How will I know when I *don't need* chunk text ?



Teaching & Reflecting on Strategies:

working in a small group

quiet space

loud space

visuals

schedule/ agenda

standing desks

access points

sensory tools

Snacks/ water

gum

hats



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Options for next steps

- reflect on the needs of your class
- ask students what supports or strategies work for them
- choose one need and decide on some supports and strategies
- try teaching a new support or strategy to students and get them to reflect on what works and why

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